SECTION 1: IS A PIA REQUIRED?

a. Will this Department of Defense (DoD) information system or electronic collection of information (referred to as “electronic collection” for the purpose of this form) collect, maintain, use, and/or disseminate personally identifiable information (PII) about members of the public, Federal personnel, contractors or foreign nationals employed at U.S. military facilities internationally? Choose one option from the choices below. (Choose (3) for foreign nationals).

☐ (1) Yes, from members of the general public.

☐ (2) Yes, from Federal personnel * and/or Federal contractors.

☐ (3) Yes, from both members of the general public and Federal personnel and/or Federal contractors.

☐ (4) No

* “Federal personnel” are referred to in the DoD IT Portfolio Repository (DITPR) as “Federal employees.”
b. If “No,” ensure that DITPR or the authoritative database that updates DITPR is annotated for the reason(s) a PIA is not required. If the DoD information system or electronic collection is not in DITPR, ensure that the reason(s) are recorded in appropriate documentation.

Examples of acceptable DITPR-DON entries if “No” is checked:

“A PIA is not required because this DoD information system or electronic collection does not collect, maintain, use, and/or disseminate PII about members of the public, Federal personnel, contractors or foreign nationals employed at U.S. military facilities internationally.”

“A PIA is not required because this DoD information system or electronic collection is a National Security System.” See NIST Special Publication 800-59 for definition.

c. If “Yes,” then a PIA is required. Proceed to Section 2.

Note: If the PII collected is strictly internal government operations related (i.e., name, badge number, office phone, office email, etc.) contact the DON CIO Privacy Team to discuss whether a PIA is required. If the determination is made that a PIA is not required, update the DITPR-DON to reflect (1) that PII is collected but (2) a PIA is not required and (3) enter the below in the text field as justification:

“A PIA is not required per DON CIO because the PII is related to strictly internal government operations, does not include members of the public, and PII data is considered low or no risk.”

For those cases where a PIA is not required, proceed to Section 4, obtain the Program Manager (PM), Information Assurance Manager/Official (IAM/IAO), and Privacy Official signatures and forward the PIA to DON CIO.
SECTION 2: PIA SUMMARY INFORMATION

a. Why is this PIA being created or updated? Choose one:

☐ New DoD Information System
☐ Existing DoD Information System
☐ Significantly Modified DoD Information System

b. Is this DoD information system registered in the DITPR or the DoD Secret Internet Protocol Router Network (SIPRNET) IT Registry?

☐ Yes, DITPR Enter DITPR System Identification Number

Note: Enter the DITPR ID Number, not the DITPR-DON ID Number.

If the system is not registered in the DITPR, check “No”. However, if there is a DITPR-DON ID number and/or a DADMS ID number (usually for applications) those could be listed here with an explanation of why the system isn’t registered in DITPR.

☐ Yes, SIPRNET Enter SIPRNET Identification Number

☐ No

c. Does this DoD information system have an IT investment Unique Project Identifier (UPI), required by section 53 of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-11?

☐ Yes Enter UPI

If unsure, consult the Component IT Budget Point of Contact to obtain the UPI.

Note: A table of UPIs for the 2010 Presidential Budget is posted on the DON CIO web site. To find the UPI for a particular IT System, enter the table with the IT System’s BIN and locate the associated UPI, e.g., for BIN “3485” the associated UPI is: 007-17-01-16-02-3485-00

Enter the UPI in the above text field in the following format: “PB2010: 007-17-01-16-02-3485-00”

☐ No

d. Does the DoD information system or electronic collection have a Privacy Act System of Records Notice (SORN)?

A Privacy Act SORN is required if the information system or electronic collection contains information about U.S. citizens or lawful permanent U.S. residents that is retrieved by name or other unique identifier. PIA and Privacy Act SORN information should be consistent.

☐ Yes Enter Privacy Act SORN Identifier
Enter the SORN Identifier (i.e., N07421-1) in the above text box. If there is a question regarding the existence of a SORN or if a SORN needs to be created or updated, the DON Privacy Act Program Manager may contact you after the PIA is submitted to DON CIO.

DoD Component-assigned designator, not the Federal Register number. Consult the Component Privacy Office for additional information or access DoD Privacy Act SORNs at: http://www.defenselink.mil/privacy/notices/

or

Date of submission for approval to Defense Privacy Office
Consult the Component Privacy Office for this date.

☐ No

e. Does this DoD information system or electronic collection have an OMB Control Number?
Contact the Component Information Management Control Officer or DoD Clearance Officer for this information. This number indicates OMB approval to collect data from 10 or more members of the public in a 12-month period regardless of form or format.

Note: If the system collects data from 10 or more members of the public in a 12 month period, there is a requirement for an OMB Control Number. For both Navy and Marine Corps contact the Navy’s Forms and Reports Manager at (202) 433-2835.

☐ Yes

Enter OMB Control Number

Enter Expiration Date

☐ No

f. Authority to collect information. A Federal law, Executive Order of the President (EO), or DoD requirement must authorize the collection and maintenance of a system of records.

(1) If this system has a Privacy Act SORN, the authorities in this PIA and the existing Privacy Act SORN should be the same.

(2) Cite the authority for this DoD information system or electronic collection to collect, use, maintain and/or disseminate PII. (If multiple authorities are cited, provide all that apply.)

   (a) Whenever possible, cite the specific provision of the statute and/or EO that authorizes the operation of the system and the collection of PII.

   (b) If a specific statute and/or EO does not exist, determine if an indirect statutory authority can be cited. An indirect authority may be cited if the authority requires the operation or administration of a program, the execution of which will require the collection and maintenance of a system of records.
(c) DoD Components can use their general statutory grants of authority ("internal housekeeping") as the primary authority. The requirement, directive or instruction implementing the statute within the DoD Component should be identified.

Note: Many of the existing SORNS cite three or four main authorities (10 U.S.C. 5013, Department of the Navy; 10 U.S.C. 5042, Headquarters, Marine Corps: general duties; 5 U.S.C. 301, Departmental Regulations; and E.O. 9397 (SSN).) These authorities are extremely broad in nature and do not specifically address any system. One or more additional authorities should be cited (i.e., a statute, executive order, manual or instruction should be added that specifically authorizes the collection of information by this system). The next time the SORN is updated these additional authority(s) will have to be added.

g. Summary of DoD information system or electronic collection. Answers to these questions should be consistent with security guidelines for release of information to the public.

(1) Describe the purpose of this DoD information system or electronic collection and briefly describe the types of personal information about individuals collected in the system. The purpose in the PIA and the purpose in the SORN should be the same (or at least similar, if the SORN covers several systems).

(2) Briefly describe the privacy risks associated with the PII collected and how these risks are addressed to safeguard privacy.

h. With whom will the PII be shared through data exchange, both within your DoD Component and outside your Component (e.g., other DoD Components, Federal Agencies)? Indicate all that apply.

☐ Within the DoD Component. Specify

☐ Other DoD Components. Specify

☐ Other Federal Agencies. Specify
i. Do individuals have the opportunity to object to the collection of their PII?

☐ Yes  ☐ No

(1) If “Yes,” describe the method by which individuals can object to the collection of PII. Include consequences, if any, if an individual objects.

☐

(2) If “No,” state the reason why individuals cannot object.

☐

j. Do individuals have the opportunity to consent to the specific uses of their PII?

☐ Yes  ☐ No

(1) If “Yes,” describe the method by which individuals can give or withhold their consent. Include consequences, if any, if an individual withholds their consent.

☐

(2) If “No,” state the reason why individuals cannot give or withhold their consent.

☐

k. What information is provided to an individual when asked to provide PII data? Indicate all that apply.
NOTE:

Sections 1 and 2 above are to be posted to the Component's Web site. (Component for Navy and Marine Corps refers to DON CIO.) Posting of these Sections indicates that the PIA has been reviewed to ensure that appropriate safeguards are in place to protect privacy.

A Component can restrict the publication of Sections 1 and/or 2 if they contain information that would reveal sensitive information or raise security concerns.
SECTION 3: PIA QUESTIONNAIRE and RISK REVIEW

a. For the questions in subparagraphs 3.a.(1) through 3.a.(5), indicate what PII (a data element alone or in combination that can uniquely identify an individual) will be collected and describe the source, collection method, purpose, and intended use of the PII.

(1) What PII will be collected? Indicate all individual PII or PII groupings that apply in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PII Category</th>
<th>Indicate All PII or PII Groupings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Names Used</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Security Number (SSN)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truncated SSN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Driver’s License</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other ID Number</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citizenship</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal Status</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gender</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Race/Ethnicity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Birth Date</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Place of Birth</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Cell Telephone Number</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home Telephone Number</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Email Address</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mailing/Home Address</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Religious Preference</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security Clearance</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mother’s Maiden Name</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mother’s Middle Name</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spouse Information</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marital Status</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biometrics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child Information</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Information</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Medical Information</td>
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<tr>
<td>Disability Information</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Law Enforcement Information</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Employment Information</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Military Records</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Contact</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education Information</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If “Other,” specify (i.e., passport information, NSPS data, etc.) or explain any PII grouping selected.

(2) What is the source for the PII collected (e.g., individual, existing DoD information systems, other Federal information systems or databases, commercial systems)?

Describe.

(3) How will the information be collected? Indicate all that apply. If you check “Other”, describe in the text box provided.

- Paper Format
- Face-to-Face Contact
- Telephone Interview
- Fax
- Email
- Web Site
- Information Sharing from System to System
- Other (Describe)
(4) Why are you collecting the PII selected (e.g., verification, identification, authentication, data matching)?
Describe

(5) What is the intended use of the PII collected (e.g., mission-related use, administrative use)?
Describe

b. Does this DoD information system or electronic collection create or derive new PII about individuals through data aggregation? (See Appendix for data aggregation definition.) If there is a question as to whether a system derives new PII about an individual through data aggregation, please contact the DON CIO Privacy Team to discuss (703) 614-5987 or (703) 614-4839. Examples include: eligibility for promotion, pay, housing, awards; readiness; certifications; etc.

☐ Yes
☐ No

If “Yes,” explain what risks are introduced by this data aggregation and how this risk is mitigated.

☐ Users ☐ Developers ☐ System Administrators ☐ Contractors

☐ Other (Describe)

d. Who has or will have access to PII in the DoD information system or electronic collection? Indicate all that apply. If you check “Other”, describe in the text box provided.

(1) Physical Controls. Indicate all that apply. If you check “Other”, describe in the text box provided.
(2) Technical Controls. Indicate all that apply. If you check “Other”, describe in the text box provided.

☐ User Identification ☐ Biometrics
☐ Password ☐ Firewall
☐ Intrusion Detection System (IDS) ☐ Virtual Private Network (VPN)
☐ Encryption ☐ DoD Public Key Infrastructure Certificates
☐ External Certificate Authority (CA) Certificate
☐ Common Access Card (CAC)
☐ Other (Describe)

(3) Administrative Controls. Indicate all that apply. If you check “Other”, describe in the text box provided.

☐ Periodic Security Audits
☐ Regular Monitoring of Users’ Security Practices
☐ Methods to Ensure Only Authorized Personnel Access to PII
☐ Encryption of Backups Containing Sensitive Data
☐ Backups Secured Off-site
☐ Other (Describe)

e. Does this DoD information system require certification and accreditation under the DoD Information Assurance Certification and Accreditation Process (DIACAP)? Check the
appropriate box and enter the date. Ensure this information and that in the DITPR-DON are the same.

☐ Yes. Indicate the certification and accreditation status:

☐ Authorization to Operate (ATO) Date Granted:
☐ Interim Authorization to Operate (IATO) Date Granted:
☐ Denial of Authorization to Operate (DATO) Date Granted:
☐ Interim Authorization to Test (IATT) Date Granted:

☐ No, this DoD Information system does not require certification and accreditation.

f. How do information handling practices at each stage of the “information life cycle” (i.e., collection, use, retention, processing, disclosure and destruction) affect individuals’ privacy?

Describe.

The following is an example response:

Collection: Members PII information is collected with their urinalysis sample via a bar code on the sample bottle. Drug and Alcohol Abuse Reports (DAARs) are input directly into the ADMITS database through the web application.

Use, Retention, and Processing: Only personnel with the “need to know” can access a member’s PII information.

Disclosure: No other personnel other than those with a “need to know” can access a member’s PII information unless permission is granted from the individual in writing to release the information.

Destruction: Data is destroyed in accordance with the Navy’s Records Management Manual.
g. For existing DoD information systems or electronic collections, what measures have been put in place to address identified privacy risks? The following suggested wording may be tailored as appropriate to the system in question.

Describe:

The perceived threats are primarily computer hackers, disgruntled employees, state sponsored information warfare, and acts of nature (e.g., fire, flood, etc.).

All systems are at risk because they may be vulnerable to unauthorized intrusion and hacking. There are risks that __________, with its extensive collection of PII, could be compromised.

Because of this possibility, appropriate security and access controls listed in this PIA are in place.

Since ____________ operates on the NMCI Network, there is a risk that security controls could be disabled for maintenance and other purposes. The risk would be that the security controls would not be reset.

All systems are vulnerable to “insider threats”. ______________ managers are vigilant to this threat by limiting system access to those individuals who have a defined need to access the information. There are defined criteria to identify who should have access to _________________. These individuals have gone through extensive background and employment investigations.

Mitigation (example responses):

The following controls are used to mitigate the risks:

a) Access Controls. Access controls limit access to the application and/or specific functional areas of the application. These controls consist of privileges, general access, password control and discretionary access control. Additionally, each user is associated with one or more database roles. Each role provides some combination of privileges to a subset of the application tables. Users are granted only those privileges that are necessary for their job requirements. The same roles that protect the database tables also determine which buttons and menu items are enabled for the user currently logged on.

b) Confidentiality. This ensures that data is not made available or disclosed to unauthorized individuals, entities, or processes.

c) Integrity. This ensures that data has not been altered or destroyed in an unauthorized manner.

d) Audits. This includes review and examination or records, activities, and system parameters, to assess the adequacy of maintaining, managing and controlling events that may degrade the security posture of the application.
e) Training. Security training is provided on a continuous basis to keep users alert to the security requirements. Visual effects are used as constant reminders to ensure users always remain aware of their responsibilities.

f) Physical Security. This consists of placing servers that contain privileged information in a secure and protected location, and to limit access to this location to individuals who have a need to access the servers. An internal policy is set in place to ensure that there are always no less than two users present at a time when privileged information is being retrieved. Since the server and data reside within a DON establishment, the strict security measures set by the establishment are always followed.

h. For new DoD information systems or electronic collections, what measures are planned for implementation to address identified privacy risks? Same as question g.

Describe.
SECTION 4: REVIEW AND APPROVAL SIGNATURES

Prior to the submission of the PIA for review and approval, the PIA must be coordinated by the Program Manager or designee through the Information Assurance Manager and Privacy Representative at the local level.

Program Manager or Designee (i.e., system owner)

Signature: ____________________________________________________________
Name:      
Title:     
Organization:    
Work Telephone Number:  
DSN:        
Email Address:      
Date of Review:      

Other Official (to be used at Component discretion)  Usually the Command IAM/IAO

Signature: ____________________________________________________________
Name:      
Title:     
Organization:    
Work Telephone Number:  
DSN:        
Email Address:      
Date of Review:      
At this point in the process, forward the signed PIA to the DON CIO Privacy Team (steve.daughety1.ctr@navy.mil and/or steven.muck@navy.mil).

DON CIO will then forward the PIA to DNS-36 for review and signature.

Once DON CIO has approved and signed the PIA, the DON CIO Privacy Team will forward a copy of the PIA to DoD. DoD will forward to OMB, as required.

The DON CIO Privacy Team will update the DITPR DON, forward a copy of the approved PIA to the submitting command and post the PIA summary on the DON CIO web site.

**Component Privacy Officer**

The following is DNS-36 Information:

**Signature:** ____________________________________________________________

**Name:** Miriam Brown-Lam

**Title:** Department of the Navy Privacy Act Program Manager (DNS-36)

**Organization:** Office of the Chief of Naval Operations (CNO)

**Work Telephone Number:** (202) 685-6545

**DSN:** ____________________________________________________________

**Email Address:** miriam.brown-lam@navy.mil

**Date of Review:** ____________________________________________________

**Component CIO (Reviewing Official)**

The following is DON CIO information:

**Signature:** __________________________________________________________

**Name:** Robert J. Carey

**Title:** Department of the Navy Chief Information Officer

**Organization:** Department of the Navy

**Work Telephone Number:** (703) 602-1800

**DSN:** 332-1800

**Email Address:** robert.carey@navy.mil

**Date of Review:** ____________________________________________________
Publishing:

Only Sections 1 and 2 of this PIA will be published. Each DoD Component will maintain a central repository of PIAs on the Component's public Web site. DoD Components will submit an electronic copy of each approved PIA to the DoD CIO at: pia@osd.mil.

If the PIA document contains information that would reveal sensitive information or raise security concerns, the DoD Component may restrict the publication of the assessment to include Sections 1 and 2.
APPENDIX

Data Aggregation. Any process in which information is gathered and expressed in a summary form for purposes such as statistical analysis. A common aggregation purpose is to compile information about particular groups based on specific variables such as age, profession, or income.

DoD Information System. A set of information resources organized for the collection, storage, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, disposition, display, or transmission of information. Includes automated information system (AIS) applications, enclaves, outsourced information technology (IT)-based processes and platform IT interconnections.

Electronic Collection of Information. Any collection of information enabled by IT.

Federal Personnel. Officers and employees of the Government of the United States, members of the uniformed services (including members of the Reserve Components), and individuals entitled to receive immediate or deferred retirement benefits under any retirement program of the United States (including survivor benefits). For the purposes of PIAs, DoD dependents are considered members of the general public.

Personally Identifiable Information. Information about an individual that identifies, links, relates or is unique to, or describes him or her (e.g., a social security number; age; marital status; race; salary; home telephone number; other demographic, biometric, personnel, medical, and financial information). Also, information that can be used to distinguish or trace an individual's identity, such as his or her name; social security number; date and place of birth; mother's maiden name; and biometric records, including any other personal information that is linked or linkable to a specified individual.

Privacy Act Statements. When an individual is requested to furnish personal information about himself or herself for inclusion in a system of records, providing a Privacy Act statement is required to enable the individual to make an informed decision whether to provide the information requested.

Privacy Advisory. A notification informing an individual as to why information is being solicited and how such information will be used. If PII is solicited by a DoD Web site (e.g., collected as part of an email feedback/comments feature on a Web site) and the information is not maintained in a Privacy Act system of records, the solicitation of such information triggers the requirement for a privacy advisory (PA).

System of Records Notice (SORN). Public notice of the existence and character of a group of records under the control of an agency from which information is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual. The Privacy Act of 1974 requires this notice to be published in the Federal Register upon establishment or substantive revision of the system, and establishes what information about the system must be included.